The Innovation Economy

Recovery or Reinvention?

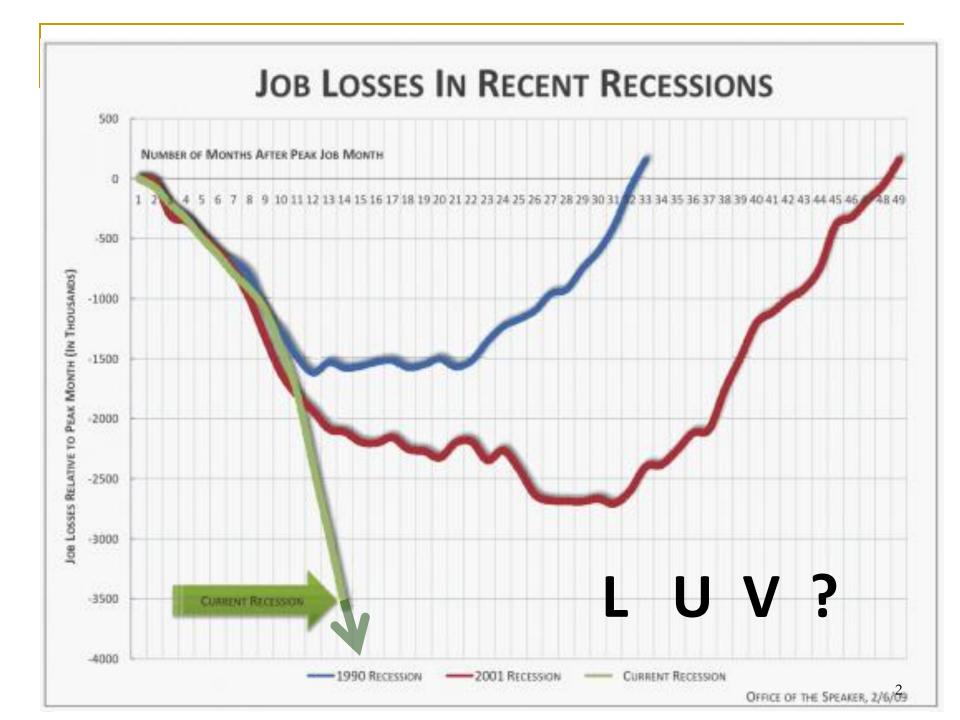
The Role of Higher Education in Economic Vitality July 28, 2009

Egils Mllbergs

Washington Economic Development Commission

www.wedc.wa.gov

www.innovate.typepad.com



Shifting of Competitive Advantage

- 1960s & 1970s Advantage is Cost
 Strategy is "Making it cheaper"
- 1980s & 1990s Advantage is Quality Strategy is "Making it better"
- **Advantage is Innovation Strategy is "Making something different"**

Nature of Innovation is Changing

Linear Model

Development Commercialization

- Single discipline
- Hierarchical governance
- Closed system
- Internal talent
- Controlled process
- IP hoarded
- Product centric
- Forecasting demand

Ecosystem Model



- Multidisciplinary
- Self organizing relationships
- Open innovation
- Access talent everywhere
- IP commons
- Customer centric
- Sense and respond

Ten Year Vision

Make Washington State the most attractive, creative and fertile investment environment for innovation in the world as a means of achieving long term global competitiveness prosperity and economic opportunity for all the state's citizens.





...with change occurring at mind-boggling speed, we can't rest on our laurels, so let's commit today to grooming a workforce and leaders who are agile, creative, and embrace innovation.

Gov. Chris Gregoire March 10, 2009 We must look over the horizon and prepare for the new economy that will emerge when this recession passes.
Simply put, we must re-build, re-tool and re-invent our national strategies for sustained economic success.

Commerce Secretary Gary Locke Former Gov. Washington State March 18, 2009

New Model for Economic Development

Strategize

Organize

Operationize

| Traditional Model | Innovation Driven Model | |
|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Attract and retain companies | Invest in talent, ideas and infrastructure | |
| Jobs | Quality of jobs, per capita incomes | |
| Lowest cost of business inputs | Higher value inputs, increasing productivity and outcomes | |
| Top down economic development | Bottom-up and organic growth | |
| Competing regions: zero sum game | Collaborating regions: value creation | |
| Closed linear innovation system | Open innovation ecosystem | |
| Locally focused clusters | Globally focused clusters | |

Where WA stands (GSP Consulting)

- Indicators organized by context
 - Innovation
 - Vitality
 - Socio-Ecology
- Use of US and global benchmarks provide comparison: identify strengths and weakness
- Minnesota, Massachusetts, Oregon, Texas.
- Also, Korea, New Zealand, Sweden

Emerging

GDP-Per Capita 2007
8th Grade Science Proficiency
8th Grade Math Proficiency
8th Grade Reading Proficiency

Below Peers

Receding

Science & Engineering Grad Students

Academic R&D

Positive Trend

Competitive

Technology Occupations

Patents in Emerging Technologies

Exports per Capita

Renewable Energy

Above Peers +

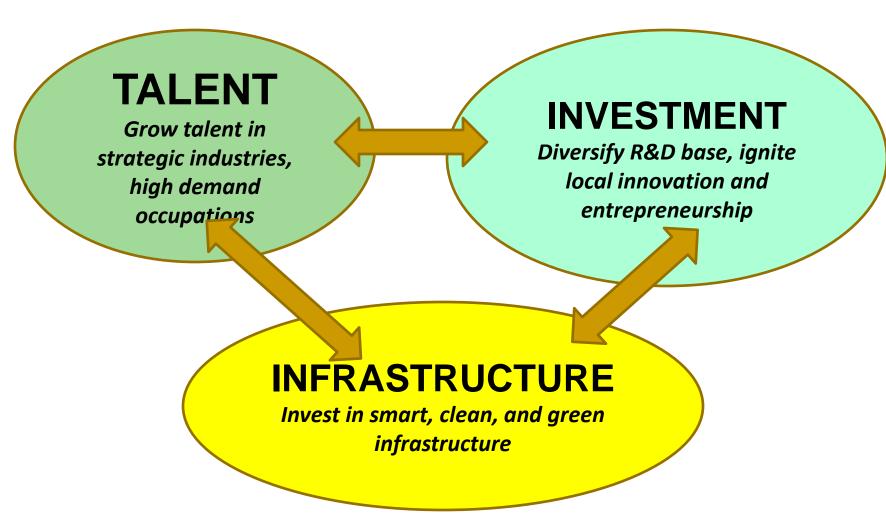
Eroding

Technology Employment Growth

New Companies

Negative Trend

Strategy



Higher education relevance for innovation

- Education and training of future workforce
- Intellectual capital: publications and patents
- Knowledge exchange infrastructure
- Problem solver
 - Research performer
 - Business incubators
 - Technical assistance
 - Cooperative R&D centers
- New platforms for growth
 - Technology transfer
 - Entrepreneurs in Residence
 - Innovation Research Teams (STARS)
 - Innovation Partnership Zones (IPZs)



DRAFT Performance Metrics for the STARS Program

| Metric | |
|---|--|
| Recruiting | |
| # of IRT researchers recruited | |
| # of IRT researchers hired | |
| Size of IRT teams | |
| Activity | |
| # of scholarly publications | |
| # of inter-institutional collaborations | |
| # of Entrepreneurs in Residence | |
| Impact | |
| Research dollars from federal sources and foundations | |
| Research dollars from industry | |
| Tech startups based on IRT technology | |
| First-round investment in tech startups | |
| Total investment in tech startups | |
| Licenses of IRT technology to third parties | |
| Review | |
| Satisfaction survey | |
| Jobs created | |

Additional investment

- Private sector investment
- Investment from outside the zone

Job creation / retention:

- # of jobs created
- # of jobs retained within wage range

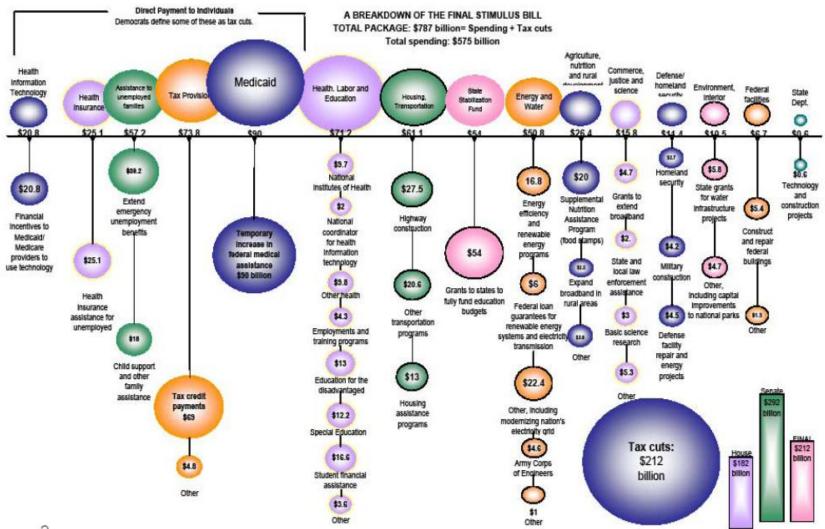
Increased commercialization activity

- \$ increase in sales or sales orders associated with IP7 research
- # of licenses, patents, applications for innovation research
- Increased collaboration and/or community partnerships
 - Zone-hosted conferences, creation of incubator, visiting scholars

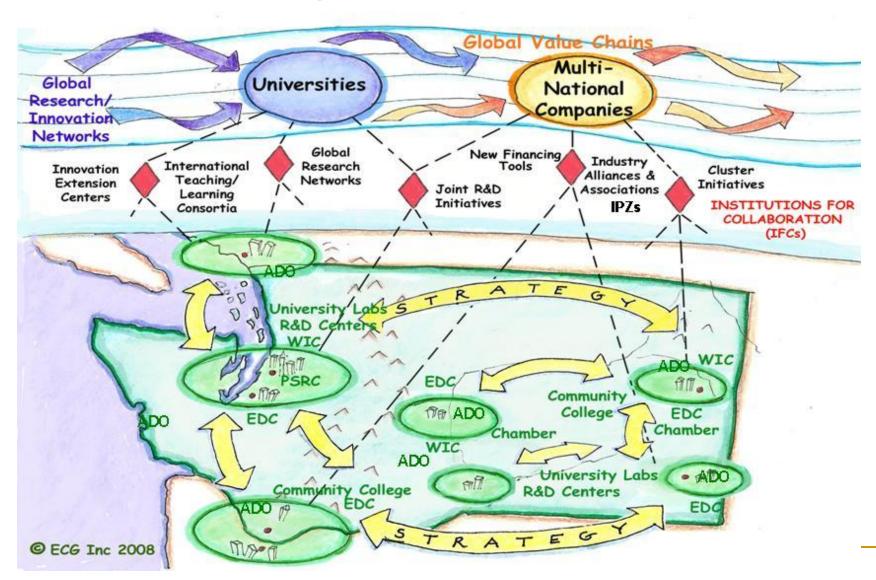
Unique criteria:

- Formation of an advisory board
- Incorporation as a non-profit
- Launching and IPZ website
- Creation of tailored curriculum

Leveraging ARRA for innovation



The world's largest Innovation Ecosystem?





Talent and Workforce

- Supply of middle skills
- S&E attainment
- Verbal, math, science proficiency
- Educational attainment
- R&D personnel
- Life long learning

Entrepreneurship and Investment

Entrepreneurship

- University R&D
- Private R&D intensity
- Intellectual property generated
- Company startup Investment
- Equity investment
- Federal investment
- Foreign capital attracted

Infrastructure

Transport

- Freight
- Information delivery
- Commuting

Business Climate

- Cost of business
- Business attractiveness

Competitive Companies

- Market share
- Productivity growth
- Trade growth
- High impact firms
- Profitability

Increased, Better Employment

- Income growth
- Employment
- Reduced income disparity

Wealth Generated

- GDP by state
- Standard of living

Increased State Revenue

- Aligned policy & investment
- State revenue generated

Economic Growth And Vitality:

Metrics for Washington state



INNOVATION BENCHMARKS WASHINGTON STATE

JUNE 2008

Benchmarks

- Minnesota: comparable in economic development investment levels
- Massachusetts is a similarly sized economy but invests more heavily in innovation
- Oregon is a geographic peer with a similar commitment to the environment and renewable energy.
- Texas lacks many of the inputs and assets of other innovation leaders

International

Korea

 Technology base developed from automotive manufacturing, Asia-Pacific location, high per capita exports

New Zealand

 Asia-Pacific location, strong export market, emphasis on renewable energy

Sweden

European location, emphasis on innovation and sustainability

Assets

- Long term growth has been steady
 - Boom and bust is less extreme
 - Economy is more diverse
- Rapid growth in technology
 - Jobs, Workforce, New Companies and Patents in Emerging Technologies
- Strong exporting activity
 - The growing Pacific markets that trade with WA businesses are more important than what or how much it sells

Needs

- Increase University R&D
 - Total volume of research funding at universities is low (although the share is above average)
 - Not enough graduate students (need to attract technology workers in an increasingly competitive environment).
- Improve proficiency in secondary math and science
 - WA students perform better than the U.S. but worse than the international students

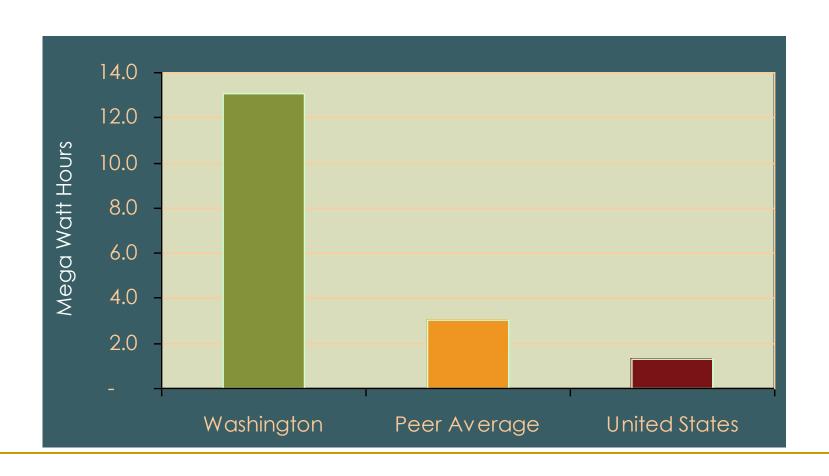
Puzzle

- Financing for small firms is not abundant
 - The new firms may be bootstrapped or get investment from friends and family
 - More of the Start-ups could be in less capital intensive industries

Clear Strengths

Washington Innovation Benchmarks

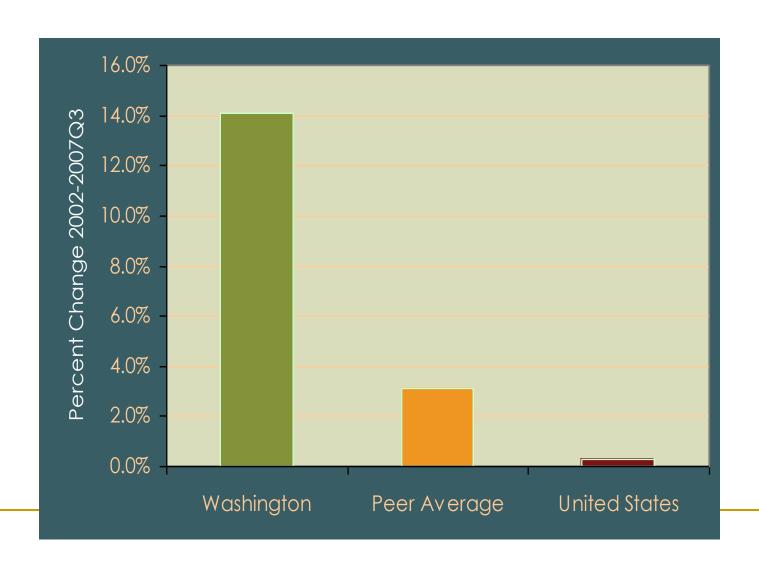
Renewable Energy



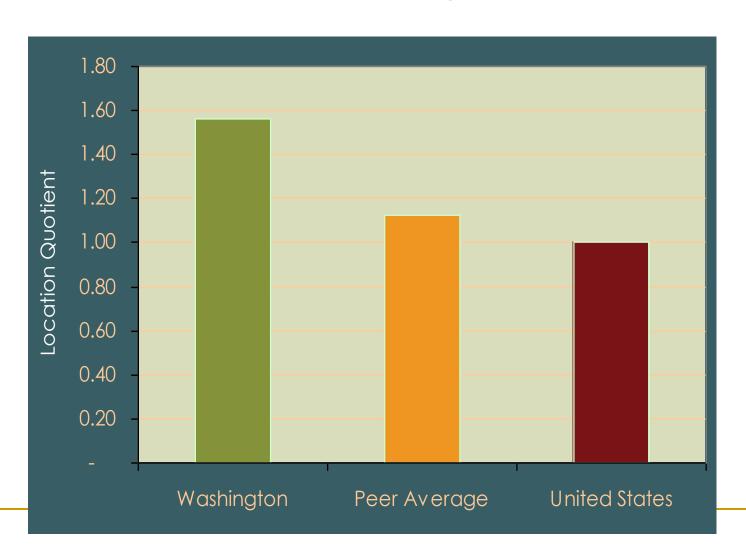
Export Markets

| Washington Exports Top 5 Markets - Share of U.S. Exports, 2005-2007 | |
|---|-----|
| India | 33% |
| Ireland | 27% |
| China | 15% |
| Japan | 12% |
| Canada | 3% |

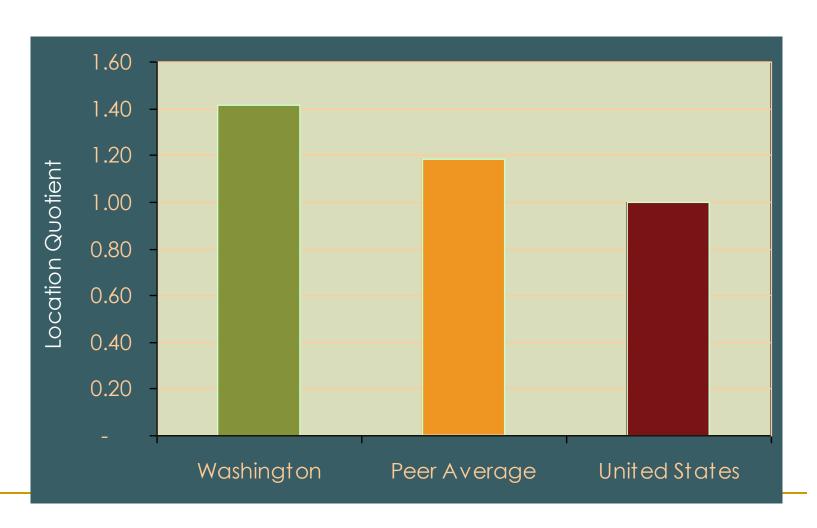
Tech Employment Growth



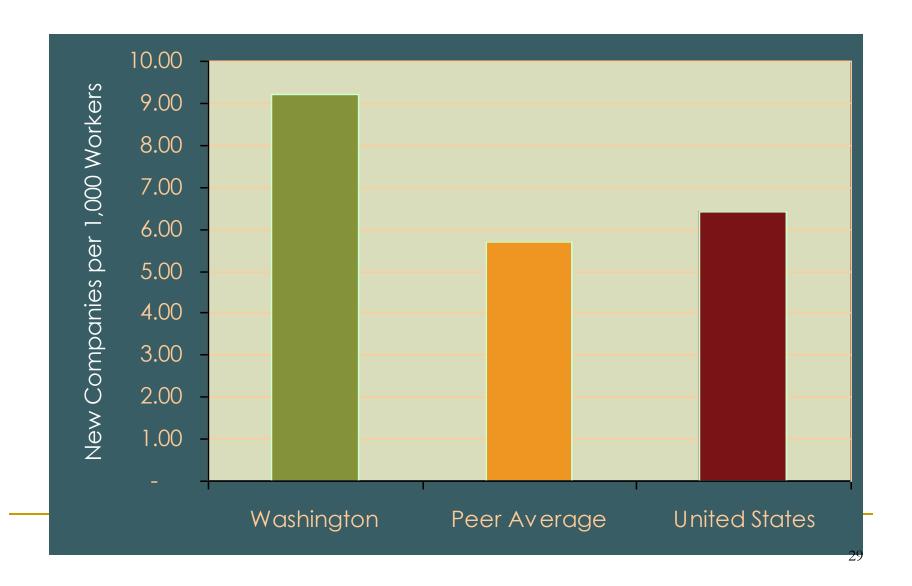
Patents-Emerging Technologies



Technology Occupations



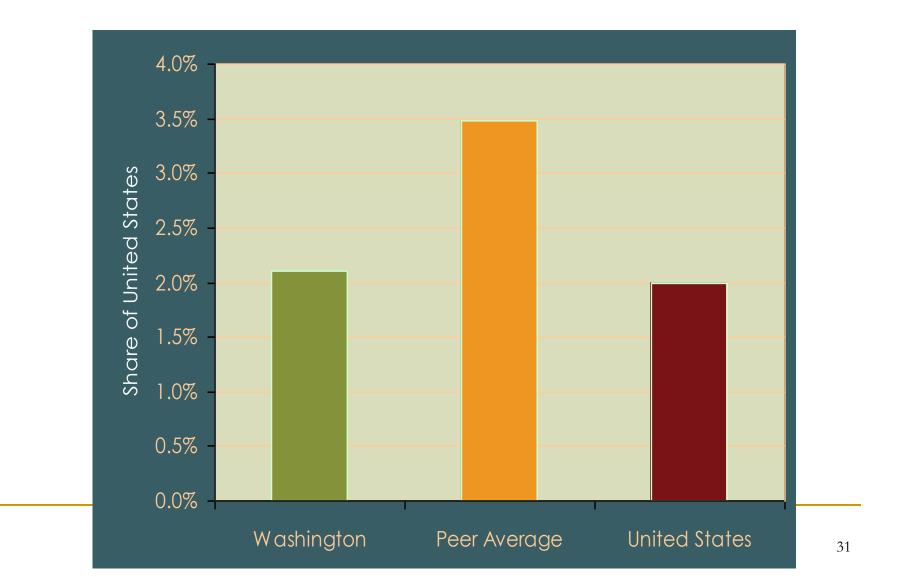
New Companies



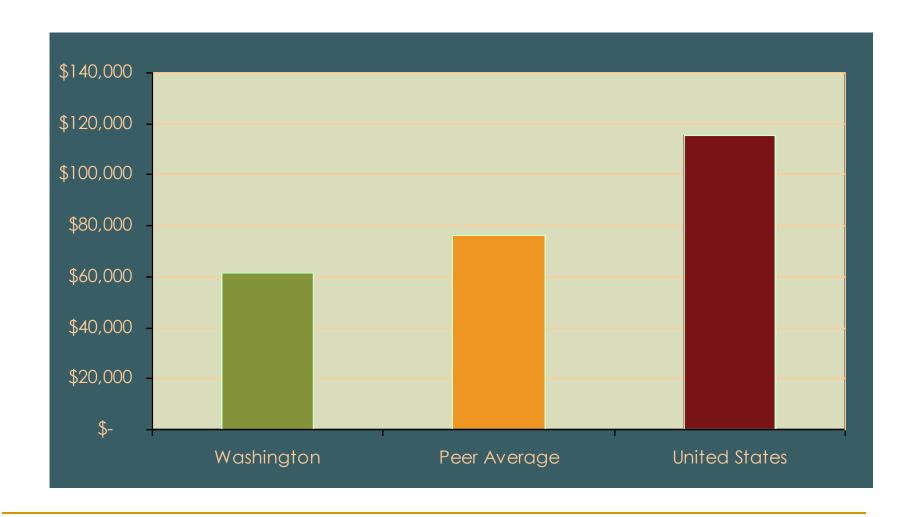
Clear Weaknesses

Washington Innovation Benchmarks

Share of Academic R&D



Small Business Loans



Potential Weaknesses

- Share of Science & Engineering Grad Students
- Venture Capital Recipients
- GDP per Capita
- Science, Math, and Reading Proficiency
- High Wage Jobs